

Occupational Exposure to Bloodborne Pathogens

Washington has adopted the federal bloodborne pathogen standard for general injury workplaces and has adopted stricter standards and requirements for the following:

- 1. Exposure Control Plan (WAC 296-823-11010)
- 2. Hepatitis B Vaccination (WAC 296-823-13005)
- 3. Contaminated Sharps Handling (WAC 296-823-14010)

The Department of Labor & Industries has performed surveys, audits and inspection in many Washington Hospitals. Common problems found on L&I inspections are:

- 1. **Exposure Control Plan (ECP)** is incomplete or not established.
- 2. **Personal protective equipment (PPE)** not provided or not used properly.

The Remedy – how to avoid or address the problems:

- ECP includes all elements in <u>WAC 296-823-11005</u> through <u>WAC 296-823-11010</u> and is accessible to employees at all times.
 - a. Sample of ECP http://www.lni.wa.gov/safety/rules/chapter/823/
 - b. Include PPE hazard assessment in the BBP exposure control plan.
 - c. Update ECP annually to reflect changes to employee tasks
- Perform a PPE assessment as required by <u>WAC 296-800-160</u>, to identify hazards or potential hazards in workplace and determine if PPE is necessary for the job.
 - a. Hazard Assessment Checklist <u>WAC 296-800-16005</u> & 296-800-16010.
- 3. Follow the specific requirements for providing and using PPE, such as those requirements found in <u>WAC 296-823-150</u>.
 - a. Provide and make sure that PPE is used when there is occupational exposure.
 - b. Maintain and properly dispose of PPE.



999-3rd Avenue, Suite 1400 Seattle, WA 98104 Connie Pray, Compliance Manager 206-216-2540 Make sure to have a working Exposure Control Plan

Provide necessary PPEs to employees for BBP and OPIM

Provide PPE use training

Maintain and properly dispose of PPEs

But most of all, Be Safe!

